

14. What does Paul mean when he says, *the body is dead (Romans 8:10)* but *the Spirit ... will also give life to your moral bodies (Romans 8:11)*?

15. What evidence does Paul offer that the Holy Spirit is able to give this kind of life (*Romans 8:11*)?

16. How can you apply this week's text practically in your life today?

Quotes to Ponder

The Spirit-filled life does not come through mystical or ecstatic experiences but from studying and submitting oneself to Scripture. As a believer faithfully and submissively saturates his mind and heart with God's truth, his Spirit-controlled behavior will follow as surely as night follows day. When we are filled with God's truth and led by His Spirit, even our involuntary reactions—those that happen when we don't have time to consciously decide what to do or say—will be godly.

John MacArthur

The Christian life is essentially life in the Spirit, that is to say, a life that is animated, sustained, directed, and enriched by the Holy Spirit. Without the Holy Spirit true Christian discipleship would be inconceivable, indeed impossible.

John Stott

Go forth today, by the help of God's Spirit, vowing and declaring that in life - come poverty, come wealth, in death - come pain or come what may, you are and ever must be the Lord's. For this is written on your heart, 'We love Him because He first loved us.'

A sinner can no more repent and believe without the Holy Spirit's aid than he can create a world.

Charles Spurgeon

There is no worse screen to block out the Spirit than confidence in our own intelligence.

John Calvin



Message #48: *Flesh & Spirit*

March 29, 2015

Sermon
Notes

1. Flesh

2. Spirit

1. What in the text or sermon impacted you most? What encouraged you? Convicted you? What called for more clarification?
2. Describe those *who are according to the flesh (Romans 8:5-11)*. Do any of these traits describe your life?
3. Describe those *who are according to the Spirit (Romans 8:5-11)*. Do any of these traits describe your life?
4. What does it mean to set one's mind on *the things of the Spirit (Romans 8:5)*? Give some examples. Will the inner thoughts and meditations of a person come out in their actions?
5. According to the following verses, what should we and should we not set our minds on?

<i>Psalm 1</i> —	<i>James 4:4</i> —
<i>Philippians 4:8</i> —	<i>1 John 2:15</i> —
<i>Colossians 3:2</i> —	
6. What information in *Romans 8:5-9* would make you want to submit to the Spirit's control?
7. What kind of *peace and life* is Paul referring to in *Romans 8:6*?
8. How can a person know for sure he has eternal life? What are the

marks of the new birth?

9. Why is it important to understand that those without Christ aren't just spiritually sick, but dead (*Romans 8:6*)? What are the implications of this?
10. Can the fleshly mind submit to God (*Romans 8:7*)? Explain.
11. Can an unbeliever please God (*Romans 8:8*)? Explain.
12. How can we please God as Christians according to these verses?

<i>Romans 12:1-2</i> —	<i>Ephesians 5:5-10</i> —
<i>Romans 14:17-18</i> —	<i>1 Thessalonians 4:1</i> —
<i>2 Corinthians 5:9</i> —	
13. Describe the progression of thought in *Romans 8:9-11*. What difference does the indwelling ministry of the Holy Spirit make in the lives of Christians?

Why is it important for the Spirit to give life to our bodies?

Could you live a godly life without the Holy Spirit within you?